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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/966,902	09/28/2001	Makoto Hirota	1232-4775	5673
27123 7590 06/01/2007 MORGAN & FINNEGAN, L.L.P. 3 WORLD FINANCIAL CENTER		EXAMINER		
3 WORLD FIN	ANCIAL CENTER		SHINGLES, KRISTIE D	
NEW YORK, I	NY 10281-2101	ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		PAPER NUMBER
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/966,902	HIROTA, MAKOTO			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
•	Kristie D. Shingles	2141			
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap		1			
Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	PATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28 h	<u> March 2007</u> .				
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	•				
closed in accordance with the practice under it	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 2,6,8,9 and 30-33 is/are pending in the	he application.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	wn from consideration.				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		•			
6) Claim(s) <u>2,6,8,9 and 30-33</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	ttit				
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc	cepted or b) objected to by the	Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attached Office	e Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).			
1. Certified copies of the priority document	ts have been received.				
2. Certified copies of the priority document	• •				
3. Copies of the certified copies of the price	•	ed in this National Stage			
application from the International Burea		- d			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	ea.			
Attachment(s)	o □ 1-4	(DTO 442)			
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal I 6) Other:	Patent Application			

DETAILED ACTION

Per Applicant's Request for Continued Examination

Claims 2, 8 and 9 have been amended. Claims 1, 3-5, 7 and 10-29 have been cancelled.

Claims 2, 6, 8, 9 and 30-33 are pending.

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

I. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 3/28/2007 has been entered.

Response to Arguments

II. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 2, 8 and 9 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

III. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

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IV. <u>Claim 9</u> is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

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The preamble of Claim 9 is unclear regarding the means possessed by the computer and the functionality of the computer readable program in causing the computer to have such means. Correction and/or clarification are required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- V. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- VI. Claims 2, 6, 8 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kubota et al (USPN 5,754,172) in view of Tsujimoto (USPN 6,271,841) and further in view of DeBonet et al (USPN 7,058,694).
- a. **Per claim 2**, *Kubota et al* teach a receiving apparatus, which is communicably connected to a transmitting apparatus that transmits news information that contains text, for receiving the news information from said transmitting apparatus, comprising:
 - receiving means for receiving the news information from said transmitting apparatus (col. 4 lines 40-53); and
 - voice output means for outputting the text content of the received news information as a voice in an order predetermined for every genre of news information based upon the content of the news information (Figure 9, col.2 lines 6-65, col.3 lines 19-48, col.4 lines 40-53, col.10 lines 25-52, col.12 lines 51-53, col.14 lines 4-67, col.15 lines 40-55, col.17 lines 50-56; provision for voice output of news information).

Kubota et al fail to explicitly teach display means for displaying an animation, which imitates a speaking individual, in conformity with the output of said voice. However Tsujimoto teaches displaying an animation speaking, synchronizing the mouth movements with the voice output (Abstract, Figure 9, col.3 lines 6-29 and 42-59, col.14 lines 9-45). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Kubota et al with Tsujimoto in order to provide a image that audibly outputs the news information in synchronization with the voice output, because this allows for a visual presentation of the news to be displayed.

Although *Kubota et al* teach the determining step for determining the degree of importance of the content of the news articles by implementing significance degrees, wherein significance degrees are annexed with news articles for determining the output order of the news data and outputting the news as voice (col.4 lines 57-62, col.14 lines 62-67, col.17 lines 57-67). Kubota et al and Tsujimoto both fail to explicitly teach retaining means for retaining the received news information in a storage device; outputting the text content of the received news information retained in the storage device as a voice in an order predetermined and determining means, when said receiving means receives fresh news information, for determining degree of importance of the content of the fresh news information; wherein said voice output means outputs the text content of the fresh news information as a voice preferentially if said determining means determines the degree of importance of the content of the fresh news information is retained in the storage device and is outputted next according to the order. However, DeBonet et al teach a system for determining from the user's profile information a degree of importance from what types of news

the user prefers to hear and the frequency at which a specific type of news is received, while retaining the news content in a file server and data storage device and outputting the news as voice (col.2 lines 36-54, col.3 lines 8-11, col.4 lines 20-35, col.7 lines 29-60, col.8 lines 52-55, col.9 line 44-col.10 line 54, col.11 line 19-col.12 line 34, col.22 lines 1-21).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of *Kubota et al* and *Tsujimoto* with *DeBonet et al* for the purpose of provisioning preferences to the user, along with animation and designation capabilities for ordering the news data according to their preference and allowing for the designation to be based on the type and relevance of the news information to the user—this gives the user control over the sequencing of the news and allows the user to decide what genre of "fresh" news the user deems important enough to hear before the other news.

- b. Claims 8 and 9 contain limitations that are substantially equivalent to claim 2 and are therefore rejected on the same basis.
- c. **Per claim 6,** Kubota et al and Tsujimoto with DeBonet et al teach the apparatus according to claim 2, Kubota et al further teach the apparatus, wherein the order is capable of being set by a user (Figure 9, col.2 line 2-col.3 line 48, col.10 line 41-col.11 line 50, col.15 lines 1-56, col.17 lines 57-67; DeBonet et al: col.9 line 44-col.10 line 54).
- VII. <u>Claims 30 33</u> are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Kubota et al* (USPN 5,754,172) in view of *Tsujimoto* (USPN 6,271,841) and *DeBonet et al* (USPN 7,058,694) further in view of *Stahl* (USPN 7,072,932).
- d. **Per claim 30,** Kubota et al and Tsujimoto with DeBonet et al teach the apparatus according to claim 2 as applied above. Although Kubota et al teach output textual news content

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as voice (col.4 lines 57-62, col.14 lines 62-67, col.17 lines 57-67), Kubota fails to explicitly

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teach wherein it is notified that said voice output means outputs the text content of the fresh

news information as a voice preferentially. However, Stahl teaches a notification means that

allows users to select how they prefer to receive the news content—either in audio, video or text

format (Abstract, col.1 lines 37-48, col.2 lines 15-23, col.3 lines 1-12 and 37-59, col.7 lines 8-

19). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was

made to combine the teachings of Kubota et al, Tsujimoto and DeBonet et al with Stahl by

responding to the user's selection to receive news in an audio format, thus enabling a user to

choose desired formats for receiving the news—either in audio, video or text format—depending

on the user's capabilities of the reception device or based on the user's desired format for

receiving the news content.

Claims 31 and 32 are substantially equivalent to claim 30 and are therefore e.

rejected under the same basis.

f. Per claim 33, Kubota et al and Tsujimoto with Stahl teach the apparatus

according to claim 2, Stahl further teaches wherein said display means displays a caster

animation, and the caster animation is changed when said voice output means outputs the text

content of the fresh news information as a voice preferentially (col.3 lines 51-59, col.5 lines 46-

57, col. 7 lines 8-19).

Conclusion

VIII. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's

disclosure: Mackinnon (6,016,158) and Kohno (2001/0027398).

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IX. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Kristie D. Shingles whose telephone number is 571-272-3888.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday 8:00am-5:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

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supervisor, Rupal Dharia can be reached on 571-272-3880. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

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system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Kristie D. Shingles Examiner

Examiner

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kds

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER